



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPR

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2010	AND ENDING	12/31/2010
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	Capital Innovations Sec	curities, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.	
1130) James Drive - Suite	101	
	(No. and Street)		
Hartland	WI	53	3029
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS REI	PORT
Micha	el O. Brown		404-303-8840
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained:	in this Report*	
	Rubio CPA PC	•	
(1)	Name – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
900 Circle 75 Parkv	vay SE, Suite 1100	Atlanta, Georgia 3	0339
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	d States or any of its poss	sessions.	
F	OR OFFICIAL USE (ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _	Michael O. Brown	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statem Capital Innovations Secu	
of	12/31/2010	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		fficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	!	NONE
	Notaty Pundantini	MuchaeloBrand Signature CFO & Financial Operations Principal Title
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	Claims of Creditors. ments Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Period Ended
December 31, 2010
With
Independent Auditor's Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member
Capital Innovations Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Capital Innovations Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2010 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Capital Innovations Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 22, 2011 Atlanta, Georgia

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,426
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	8,426
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	
Total Liabilities		. .
MEMBER'S EQUITY		8,426
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	8,426

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

REVENUES	<u>\$</u>
Total revenues	-
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Other Operating Expenses Total Expenses	16,967 16,967
NET Í OSS	\$ (16.967)

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	\$	(16,967)
used in operations: Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in accounts payable		42 (140)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(17,065)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributions from member NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	18,000 18,000
NET INCREASE IN CASH		935
CASH BALANCE: Beginning of period		7,491
End of period	<u>\$</u>	8,426

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Total
Balance, December 31, 2009	\$ 7,393
Contributions from member	18,000
Net loss	(16,967)
Balance, December 31, 2010	<u>\$ 8,426</u>

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2010

NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: Capital Innovations Securities, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company, was organized in August 2007 and became a broker-dealer in April 2008. The Company is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a proprietorship. Income or losses of the Company flow through to the member and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740-10, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. Under ASC 740-10, the Company is required to evaluate each of its tax positions to determine if they are more likely than not to be sustained if the taxing authority examines the respective position. A tax position includes an entity's status, including its status as a pass-through entity, and the decision not to file a tax return. The Company has evaluated each of its tax positions and has determined that no provision or liability for income taxes is necessary.

The Company, which files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions, is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination by tax authorities for years before 2007.

<u>Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Revenue Recognition:</u> Placement fees are recognized in accordance with terms agreed upon with each client and are generally based on (1) a percentage of capital raised or (2) profit allocated and management fees earned by a client on funds received from investors introduced by the Company.

<u>Date of Management's Review</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through February 22, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2010

NOTE B -- NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$8,426, which was \$3,426 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was -%.

NOTE C - RELATED PARTIES

The Company operates from office premises provided by its member at no cost to the Company. The cost of the premises and administrative services provided by its member are considered insignificant.

Financial position and results of operations would differ from the amounts in the accompanying financial statements if these transactions with related parties did not exist.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
SOLI DEVIEW THE ORGANITION

SCHEDULE I CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

NET CAPITAL:

Total member's equity	<u>\$ 8,426</u>
Less non-allowable assets	8,426
Net capital before haircuts	
Less haircuts	_
Net capital Minimum net capital required	8,426 5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 3,426</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Form X-17A-5 and net capital as computed above.

CAPITAL INNOVATIONS SECURITIES, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2010

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Member Capital Innovations Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Capital Innovations Securities, LLC, for the period ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control structure over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Capital Innovations Securities, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2010 to meet the Commission's objectives.

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This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

February 22, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC